.

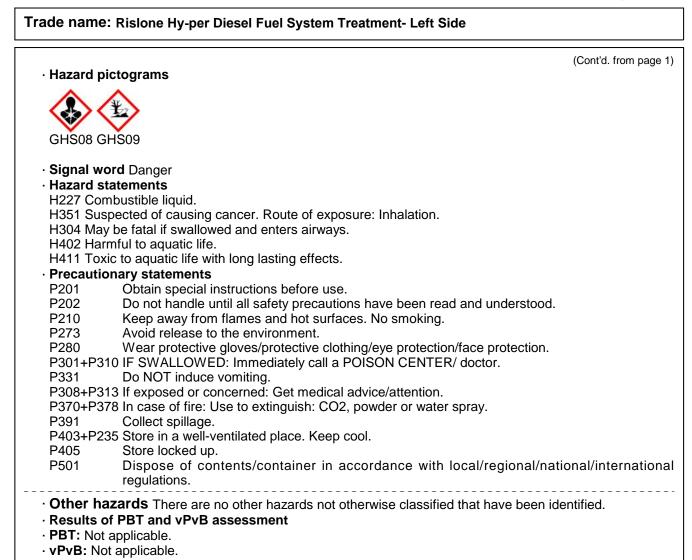
Safety Data Sheet according to Australia WHS and NZ HSNO Regulations

Revision: 23 July 2021

1 Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
· Product identifier
 Trade name: Rislone Hy-per Diesel Fuel System Treatment- Left Side Product code: 44740
 Recommended use and restriction on use Recommended use: Treatment for diesel fuel. Restrictions on use: No further relevant information available.
 Details of the supplier of the Safety Data Sheet Manufacturer/Supplier: Rislone P.O. Box 187 Holly, MI 48442 USA Phone: (810) 603-1321 Distributor: Smits Group Pty Ltd. 50 Radius Drive Larapinda QLD 4110 Australia AUS Telephone 1800 883 888
Emergency telephone number: ChemTel Inc. (800) 255-3924 (North America) (801) 1 (813)248-0585 (International) (802) 1-300-954-583 (Australia) Emergencies within Australia - 131126 (NSW Poison Control Centre) Emergencies within New Zealand - 0800 764 766 (National Poison Control Centre)
2 Hazards identification
 Classification (Australia, New Zealand) Australia NOHSC – Hazardous Substance (Classified according to Worksafe Australia NOHSC 2018 National Code of Practice) New Zealand HSNO - Hazardous (Classified according to the Minimum Degrees of Hazard Regulations 2001) Classification of the substance or mixture Flam. Liq. 4 H227 Combustible liquid.
 Carc. 2 H351 Suspected of causing cancer. Route of exposure: Inhalation. Asp. Tox. 1 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Aquatic Acute 3 H402 Harmful to aquatic life. Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Hazard statements (New Zealand HSNO Classification) HSNO 3.1D Flam. Liq. 4 H227 Combustible liquid. HSNO 6.7B Carc 2 H351 Suspected of causing cancer. HSNO 6.1E Asp. Tox 1 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
 Carc. 2 H351 Suspected of causing cancer. Route of exposure: Inhalation. Asp. Tox. 1 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Aquatic Acute 3 H402 Harmful to aquatic life. Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Hazard statements (New Zealand HSNO Classification) HSNO 3.1D Flam. Liq. 4 H227 Combustible liquid. HSNO 6.7B Carc 2 H351 Suspected of causing cancer.
 Carc. 2 H351 Suspected of causing cancer. Route of exposure: Inhalation. Asp. Tox. 1 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Aquatic Acute 3 H402 Harmful to aquatic life. Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Hazard statements (New Zealand HSNO Classification) HSNO 3.1D Flam. Liq. 4 H227 Combustible liquid. HSNO 6.7B Carc 2 H351 Suspected of causing cancer. HSNO 6.1E Asp. Tox 1 H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways HSNO 9.1C Aquatic Acute 3 H402 Harmful to aquatic life.

according to Australia WHS and NZ HSNO Regulations

Revision: 23 July 2021



3 Composition/information on ingredients

· Chemical characterisation: Mixtures

· Components:

· components.			
	Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light		>60%
EINECS: 265-149-8	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
	Flam. Liq. 4, H227; Acute Tox. 5, H313		
	2-Ethylhexyl Nitrate		<10%
	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Acute Tox. 4, H302; Acute Tox. 4, H312; Acute Tox. 4, H332 Flam. Liq. 4, H227		
CAS: 64742-94-5	Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom.		<10%
EINECS: 265-198-5	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		
	🚯 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		
	🐼 Skin Irrit. 2, H315; STOT SE 3, H336		
		(Cont'd. o	n page 3)

according to Australia WHS and NZ HSNO Regulations

Revision: 23 July 2021

Trade name: Rislone Hy-per Diesel Fuel System Treatment- Left Side (Cont'd. from page 2) Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. CAS: 64742-95-6 <10% EINECS: 265-199-0 🐼 Flam. Liq. 3. H226 🚯 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Acute Tox, 5, H313 CAS: 95-63-6 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene <10% EINECS: 202-436-9 🐼 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 🕉 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Eye Irrit. 2, H319; STOT SE 3. H335 Acute Tox. 5, H303; Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic CAS: 64742-54-7 <10% EINECS: 265-157-1 🚯 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 CAS: 64742-55-8 Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic <10% EINECS: 265-158-7 🐼 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 CAS: 91-20-3 Naphthalene <10% EINECS: 202-049-5 🐼 Flam. Sol. 2, H228 🚯 Carc. 2, H351 🚵 Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 5, H313 · Additional information: For the listed ingredient(s), the identity and/or exact percentages are being withheld as a trade secret. For the wording of the listed Hazard Statements refer to section 16. 4 First aid measures Description of first aid measures · After inhalation: Supply fresh air; consult doctor in case of complaints. · After skin contact: Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/ shower. If skin irritation is experienced, consult a doctor. · After eye contact: Rinse opened eye for several minutes under running water. If symptoms persist, consult a doctor. · After swallowing: Rinse out mouth and then drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting; call for medical help immediately. A person vomiting while lying on their back should be turned onto their side. · Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed Breathing difficulty Coughing · Hazards: Danger of impaired breathing. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Suspected of causing cancer. Route of exposure: Inhalation. (Cont'd. on page 4)

according to Australia WHS and NZ HSNO Regulations

Revision: 23 July 2021

Trade name: Rislone Hy-per Diesel Fuel System Treatment- Left Side

(Cont'd. from page 3)

 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed If swallowed or in case of vomiting, danger of entering the lungs. Medical supervision for at least 48 hours. If necessary oxygen respiration treatment. Later observation for pneumonia and pulmonary oedema. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

5 Firefighting measures

- · Extinguishing media
- Suitable extinguishing agents:

Foam Carbon dioxide Fire-extinguishing powder Gaseous extinguishing agents Water haze or fog

- · For safety reasons unsuitable extinguishing agents: Water with full jet
- Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture No further relevant information available.
- · Advice for firefighters
- Protective equipment: Wear self-contained respiratory protective device. Wear fully protective suit.
- · Additional information: Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.

6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
 Particular danger of slipping on leaked/spilled product.
 Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away.
 Ensure adequate ventilation
 Keep away from ignition sources.
 Protect from heat.
 For large spills, use respiratory protective device against the effects of fumes/dust/aerosol.
 Environmental precautions
 Do not allow to enter sewers/ surface or ground water.
 Inform respective authorities in case of seepage into water course or sewage system.
 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
 Absorb with non-combustible liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders).
 Send for recovery or disposal in suitable receptacles.
 Reference to other sections
 Description:
 Description:
 Description:
 Description:
 Description:
 Description:
 Description:
 Absorb with non-combustible liquid-binding material (sand, diatomite, acid binders, universal binders).
 Send for recovery or disposal in suitable receptacles.
 Protect:
 Description:
 Descriptio

See Section 7 for information on safe handling. See Section 8 for information on personal protection equipment. See Section 13 for disposal information.

7 Handling and storage

· Handling:

(Cont'd. on page 5)

according to Australia WHS and NZ HSNO Regulations

Revision: 23 July 2021

Trade name: Rislone Hy-per Diesel Fuel System Treatment Left Side (Cont'd. from page 4) · Precautions for safe handling Avoid splashes or spray in enclosed areas. Use only in well ventilated areas. Information about fire - and explosion protection: Keep ignition sources away - Do not smoke. Flammable liquid and vapour. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities · Requirements to be met by storerooms and receptacles: Store in a cool location. Avoid storage near extreme heat, ignition sources or open flame. · Information about storage in one common storage facility: Store away from foodstuffs. Store away from oxidising agents. · Specific end use(s) No further relevant information available. 8 Exposure controls/personal protection · Control parameters Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:

· Ingredients with limit values that require monitoring at the workplace:			
95-63-6 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene			
REL (USA)	Long-term value: 125 mg/m ³ , 25 ppm		
TLV (USA)	Long-term value: 123 mg/m ³ , 25 ppm		
91-20-3 Naphthalen	91-20-3 Naphthalene		
WES (Australia)	Short-term value: 79 mg/m ³ , 15 ppm Long-term value: 52 mg/m ³ , 10 ppm		
PEL (USA)	Long-term value: 50 mg/m ³ , 10 ppm		
REL (USA)	Short-term value: 75 mg/m³, 15 ppm Long-term value: 50 mg/m³, 10 ppm		
TLV (USA)	Long-term value: 52 mg/m³, 10 ppm Skin; BEI		
WES (New Zealand)	Short-term value: 79 mg/m³, 15 ppm Long-term value: 52 mg/m³, 10 ppm suspected carcinogen		

· Exposure controls

· General protective and hygienic measures:

The usual precautionary measures are to be adhered to when handling chemicals.

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Do not inhale gases / fumes / aerosols.

Avoid contact with the eyes and skin.

- Respiratory protection: Suitable respiratory protective device recommended.
- · Protection of hands:



Protective gloves

(Cont'd. on page 6)

according to Australia WHS and NZ HSNO Regulations

Revision: 23 July 2021

Trade name: Rislone Hy-per Diesel Fuel System Treatment- Left Side

(Cont'd. from page 5)

- The glove material has to be impermeable and resistant to the product. · Eye protection:



Safety glasses

Follow relevant national guidelines concerning the use of protective eyewear.

- · Body protection: Protective work clothing
- · Limitation and supervision of exposure into the environment: No further relevant information available.

9 Physical and chemical properties		
 Information on basic physical and chemical properties Appearance 		
Form:	Liquid	
Colour:	Clear to light yellow.	
· Odour:	Mineral-oil-like	
· Odour threshold:	Not determined.	
· pH-value:	Not determined.	
 Melting point/freezing point: 	Not determined.	
 Initial boiling point and boiling range: 	Not determined.	
· Flash point:	64 °C (147.2 °F)	
· Flammability (solid, gas):	Flammable.	
· Auto/Self-ignition temperature:	Not determined.	
· Decomposition temperature:	Not determined.	
· Explosive properties:	Product is not explosive. However, formation of explosive air/ vapour mixtures are possible.	
· Explosion limits		
Lower:	Not determined.	
Upper:	Not determined.	
 Oxidising properties 	Non-oxidising.	
· Vapour pressure:	Not determined.	
· Density:		
Relative density:	Not determined.	
Vapour density:	Not determined.	
Evaporation rate:	Not determined.	
 Solubility in / Miscibility with 		
water:	Not miscible or difficult to mix.	
· Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	Not determined.	
· Viscosity		
Dynamic:	Not determined.	
	(Cont'd. on page 7)	

according to Australia WHS and NZ HSNO Regulations

Revision: 23 July 2021

Trade name: Rislone Hy-per Diesel Fuel System Treatment- Left Side

(Cont'd. from page 6)

Kinematic: • Other information Not determined. No further relevant information available.

10 Stability and reactivity

- · Reactivity No further relevant information available.
- Chemical stability Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.
- Thermal decomposition / conditions to be avoided: No decomposition if used and stored according to specifications.
- · Possibility of hazardous reactions
- Flammable liquid and vapour.

Used empty containers may contain product gases which form explosive mixtures with air.

- Can form explosive mixtures in air if heated above flash point and/or when sprayed or atomised.
- · Conditions to avoid Keep ignition sources away Do not smoke.
- · Incompatible materials Oxidising agents
- Hazardous decomposition products Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide

11 Toxicological information

- · Information on toxicological effects
- Acute toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · LD/LC50 values relevant for classification: None.
- · Primary irritant effect
- Skin corrosion/irritation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Serious eye damage/irritation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- Respiratory or skin sensitisation: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer):

91-20-3 Naphthalene

- · Probable routes of exposure:
- Ingestion.
- Inhalation.
- Eye contact.
- Skin contact.
- \cdot Germ cell mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- \cdot Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer. Route of exposure: Inhalation.
- Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- · STOT-single exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- \cdot STOT-repeated exposure: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- \cdot Aspiration hazard: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

12 Ecological information

- · Toxicity
- Aquatic toxicity:

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

(Cont'd. on page 8)

2B

according to Australia WHS and NZ HSNO Regulations

Revision: 23 July 2021

Trade name: Rislone Hy-per Diesel Fuel System Treatment- Left Side (Cont'd. from page 7) 27247-96-7 2-Ethylhexyl Nitrate LC50 2 mg/l (zebra fish) (96hr) 64742-94-5 Solvent naphtha (petroleum), heavy arom. LC50 3.6 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss) 91-20-3 Naphthalene LC50 1-10 mg/l (daphnia) · Persistence and degradability No further relevant information available. · Bioaccumulative potential No further relevant information available. · Mobility in soil No further relevant information available. · Ecotoxical effects: · Remark: Toxic for fish · Additional ecological information: · General notes: Do not allow product to reach ground water, water course or sewage system, even in small quantities. Danger to drinking water if even extremely small quantities leak into the ground. Also poisonous for fish and plankton in water bodies. · Results of PBT and vPvB assessment · **PBT:** Not applicable. · vPvB: Not applicable. · Other adverse effects No further relevant information available.

13 Disposal considerations

· Waste treatment methods

Recommendation

The user of this material has the responsibility to dispose of unused material, residues and containers in compliance with all relevant local, state and federal laws and regulations regarding treatment, storage and disposal for hazardous and nonhazardous wastes. Residual materials should be treated as hazardous.

· Uncleaned packaging:

• Recommendation: Disposal must be made according to official regulations.

4 Transport information	
· UN-Number	
· DOT	NA1993
· ADG, IMDG, IATA	UN3082
· UN proper shipping name	
DOT	Combustible liquid, n.o.s. (stoddard solvent, propan-
· ADG	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCI LIQUID, N.O.S. (2-Ethylhexyl Nitrate, 1,2,4-trimethy benzene)

Safety Data Sheet according to Australia WHS and NZ HSNO Regulations

Revision: 23 July 2021

	tem Treatment- Left Side
	(Cont'd. from pag
IMDG IATA	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANC LIQUID, N.O.S. (1,2,4-trimethylbenzene, 2-Ethylhe Nitrate) ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANC LIQUID, N.O.S. (1,2,4-trimethylbenzene, 2-Ethylhe Nitrate)
Transport hazard class(es)	
DOT	
COMPARENT	
Class	3
Label	3
ADG	
Class	9 (M6)
Label IMDG, IATA	9
Class Label	9 9
	3
Packing group DOT, ADG, IMDG, IATA	III
Environmental hazards:	
Marine pollutant:	Symbol (fish and tree)
Special precautions for user	Warning: Miscellaneous dangerous substances a articles.
Danger code (Kemler): EMS Number:	90 F-E,S-E
Transport in bulk according to Annex Marpol and the IBC Code	II of Not applicable.
Transport/Additional information:	Not regulated when carried in single or combinat
	packaging containing a net quantity of 5 L or less liquids or 5 kg or less for solids per the following: DOT: 171.4(c)(2) ADR: SP 375 IMDG: 2.10.2.7 IATA: special provision A197
	(Cont'd. on page

2B

S6

Safety Data Sheet

according to Australia WHS and NZ HSNO Regulations

Revision: 23 July 2021

Trade name: Rislone Hy-per Diesel Fuel System Treatment- Left Side

	(Cont'd. from page 9)	
· DOT	Classified as combustible under US DOT regulations. Labeling is only required for single packages 119 US gal / 450 L.	
ADR/RID/ADN Transport category Tunnel restriction code	3 -	

15 Regulatory	v information
---------------	---------------

· Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

· IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

91-20-3 Naphthalene

Australia

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

All ingredients are listed.

· Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

Hydrocarbon Liquids

• New Zealand HSR002583

· New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIOC)

All ingredients are listed.

16 Other information

This information is based on our present knowledge. However, this shall not constitute a guarantee for any specific product features and shall not establish a legally valid contractual relationship.

· Relevant phrases

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H227 Combustible liquid.

H228 Flammable solid.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H303 May be harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H313 May be harmful in contact with skin.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer. Route of exposure: Inhalation.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H401 Toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

(Cont'd. on page 11)

according to Australia WHS and NZ HSNO Regulations

Revision: 23 July 2021

