

#### SAFETY DATA SHEET

# **Rislone Octane Booster**

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name: Rislone Octane Booster

Product no.: 44747

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture: Fuel additive Uses advised against: None known.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company and address: Rislone

P.O. Box 187 Holly, MI 48442

USA

(810) 603-1321 www.Rislone.com

*E-mail:* support@rislone.com

SDS date: 26 February 2024

SDS Version: 1.0

1.4. Emergency telephone number

ChemTel Inc.

(800) 255-3924 (North America) +1 (813) 248-0585 (International)

#### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

This material is considered hazardous according to the Work Health and Safety Regulations.

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Lig. 4; H227, Combustible liquid

Asp. Tox. 1; H304, May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Skin Irrit. 2; H315, Causes skin irritation.

Eye Irrit. 2; H319, Causes serious eye irritation.

Acute Tox. 3; H331, Toxic if inhaled.

STOT SE 1; H370, Causes damage to organs.

STOT RE 2; H373, May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### 2.2. Label elements



Hazard pictogram(s):	
, 3	

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statement(s): Combustible liquid (H227)

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

(H304)

Causes skin irritation. (H315)

Causes serious eye irritation. (H319)

Toxic if inhaled. (H331) Toxic if inhaled. (H331)

Causes damage to organs. (H370) May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (H373)

Precautionary statement(s):

General: If medical advice is needed, have product

container or label at hand. (P101) Keep out of reach of children. (P102)

Prevention: Do not breathe vapour/mist. (P260)

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated

area. (P271)

Response: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and

keep comfortable for breathing. (P304+P340) Specific treatment (see instructions on this

label). (P321)

Storage: Store locked up. (P405)

Disposal: Dispose of contents/container in accordance

with local regulation

(P501)

Hazardous substances: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light

paraffinic;Baseoil - unspecified;[A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C15 through C30 and produces a finished oil with a

viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt

at 40 °C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.]

2-butoxyethanol

Tricarbonyl(methylcyclopentadienyl)mangan

ese

Additional labelling: Not applicable.

2.3. Other hazards

Additional warnings: This mixture/product does not contain any

substances known to fulfil the criteria for PBT



and vPvB classification.

# **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable. This product is a mixture.

### 3.2. Mixtures

Product/substance	Identifiers	% w/w	Classification	Note
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic;Baseoil - unspecified;[A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C15 through C30 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.]	CAS No.: 64742-55-8 EC No.: 265-158-7	25-40%	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[19]
2-butoxyethanol	CAS No.: 111-76-2 EC No.: 203-905-0	10-15%	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Acute Tox. 4, H332	
Tricarbonyl(methylcyclop entadienyl)manganese	CAS No.: 12108-13-3 EC No.: 235-166-5	1-3%	Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 1, H330	

See full text of H-phrases in section 16. Occupational exposure limits are listed in section 8, if these are available.

# Other information

[19] UVCB = Unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or of biological



materials

#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

# 4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information: In the case of accident: Contact a doctor or

casualty department – bring the label or this

safety data sheet.

Contact a doctor if in doubt about the injured person's condition or if the symptoms persist. Never give an unconscious person

water or other drink.

*Inhalation:* Upon breathing difficulties or irritation of the

respiratory tract: Bring the injured person into fresh air. Make sure the injured person is continuously monitored. Prevent shock by keeping the injured person warm and calm. If breathing ceases, give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, roll the injured

person into recovery position. Call an

ambulance.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes

immediately. Ensure to wash exposed skin thoroughly with water and soap. Skin cleanser can be used. DO NOT use solvents

or thinners.

If skin irritation occurs: Get medical

advice/attention.

Eye contact: If in eyes: Flush eyes immediately with plenty

of water or isotonic water (20-30 °C) for at least 5 minutes and continue until irritation stops. Remove contact lenses. Make sure to flush under upper and lower eyelids. If irritation continues, contact a doctor. Continue flushing during transport.

Ingestion: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER/doctor.

Do not induce vomiting! If vomiting occurs, keep head facing down so that vomit does not get into the lungs. Call a doctor or ambulance. Symptoms of chemical

pneumonia can appear after several hours. People who have swallowed the product should therefore be kept under medical

attention for at least 48 hours.

Burns: Not applicable.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

This product contains substances that can cause chemical pneumonia if swallowed. Symptoms



of chemical pneumonia may appear after several hours.

# 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

IF exposed or concerned:

Get immediate medical advice/attention.

#### Information to medics

Bring this safety data sheet or the label from this product.

#### **SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, powder, water mist. Unsuitable extinguishing media: Waterjets should not be used, since they can spread the fire.

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible liquid

In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Fire will result in dense smoke. Exposure to combustion products may harm your health. Closed containers, which are exposed to fire, should be cooled with water. Do not allow fire-extinguishing water to enter the sewage system and nearby surface waters. If the product is exposed to high temperatures, e.g. in the event of fire, dangerous

decomposition compounds are produced. These are:

Carbon oxides (CO / CO2)

## 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing to prevent contact. Upon direct exposure call the NSW Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Available 24/7) in order to obtain further advice.

#### **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid direct contact with spilled substances.

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Avoid inhalation of vapours from spilled material.

Contaminated areas may be slippery.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge to lakes, streams, sewers, etc.

Keep unauthorized persons away from the spill

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Limit spillage and collect using granular absorbent or similar materials, and dispose of it in accordance with the regulations on dangerous waste.

Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

Wherever possible cleaning should be performed with normal cleaning agents. Avoid use of solvents.

# 6.4. Reference to other sections

See section 13 "Disposal considerations" on handling of waste.



See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for protective measures.

#### **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid direct contact with the product.

Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.

Smoking, drinking and consumption of food is not allowed in the work area.

See section 8 "Exposure controls/personal protection" for information on personal protection.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Recommended storage material: Always store in containers of the same

material as the original container.

Storage temperature: Cool, dry conditions in well sealed

receptacles Away from heat.

Keep in properly labeled containers. Keep out of the reach of children.

Store locked up.

*Incompatible materials:* Strong acids

Strong oxidizing agents

Strong bases

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

This product should only be used for applications quoted in section 1.2.

#### SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1. Control parameters

2-butoxyethanol

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (ppm): 20

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m³): 96.9

Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (ppm): 50

Short term exposure limit (15 minutes) (mg/m³): 242

Annotations:

Sk = Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.

Tricarbonyl(methylcyclopentadienyl)manganese

Long term exposure limit (8 hours) (mg/m³): 0.2

Annotations:

Sk = Absorption through the skin may be a significant source of exposure.

Workplace exposure standards for airborne contaminants (Safe Work Australia).

DNEL: 2-butoxyethanol

Duration: Route of DNEL:	
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	exposure :	
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Inhalatio n	59 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalatio n	98 mg/m³
Short term – Local effects - General population	Inhalatio n	147 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Short term – Local effects - Workers	Inhalatio n	246 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Short term – Systemic effects - General population	Inhalatio n	426 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Short term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalatio n	1091 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Oral	6.3 mg/kg bw/day
Short term – Systemic effects - General population	Oral	26.7 mg/kg bw/day

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic; Baseoil - unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C15 through C30 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.]

Duration:	Route of exposure :	DNEL:
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Dermal	970 μg/kgbw/day
Long term – Local effects - General population	Inhalatio n	1.19 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long term – Local effects - Workers	Inhalatio n	5.58 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long term –	Inhalatio	2.73 mg/m <sup>3</sup>



Systemic effects - Workers	n	
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Oral	740 μg/kgbw/day

# Tricarbonyl(methylcyclopentadienyl)mangan ese

Duration:	Route of exposure	DNEL:
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Dermal	62 μg/kgbw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Dermal	110 μg/kgbw/day
Long term – Systemic effects - General population	Inhalatio n	110 μg/m³
Long term – Systemic effects - Workers	Inhalatio n	600 μg/m³

# 2-butoxyethanol

Route of exposure:	Duration of Exposure :	PNEC:
Freshwater		8.8 mg/L
Freshwater sediment		34.6 mg/kg
Intermittent release (freshwater)		26.4 mg/L
Marine water		880 μg/L
Marine water sediment		3.46 mg/kg
Predators		20 mg/kg
Sewage treatment plant		463 mg/L
Soil		2.33 mg/kg

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic; Baseoil - unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C15 through

PNEC:



C30 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.]

Route of exposure:	Duration of Exposure :	PNEC:
Predators		9.33 mg/kg

Tricarbonyl(methylcyclopentadienyl)mangan ese

Route of exposure:	Duration of Exposure :	PNEC:
Freshwater		210 ng/L
Intermittent release (freshwater)		2.1 μg/L
Marine water		21 ng/L
Soil		16 μg/kg

# 8.2. Exposure controls

Compliance with the given occupational exposure limits values should be controlled on a regular basis.

General recommendations: Smoking, drinking and consumption of food

is not allowed in the work area.

Exposure scenarios: There are no exposure scenarios

implemented for this product.

Exposure limits: Professional users are subjected to the

legally set maximum concentrations for occupational exposure. See occupational

hygiene limit values above.

Appropriate technical measures: The formation of vapours must be kept at a

minimum and below current limit values (see above). Installation of a local exhaust system if normal air flow in the work room is not sufficient is recommended. Ensure eyewash and emergency showers are clearly marked. Apply standard precautions during use of the

product. Avoid inhalation of vapours.

Hygiene measures: Take off contaminated clothing and wash it

before reuse.

Measures to avoid environmental exposure: Keep damming materials near the workplace.

If possible, collect spillage during work.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Generally: Use only protective equipment that carries



the RCM symbol.

Respiratory Equipment:
No specific requirements

#### Skin protection:

Recommended	Type/Category	Standards	
Protective work clothing	Protective work clothing		
NA	NA	Long sleeved clothing	

## Hand protection:

Material	Glove thickness (mm)	Breakthrough time (min.)	Standards	
Gloves	-	-	EN374	

#### Eye protection:

Туре	Standards	
Tight sealing safety	Tight sealing safety goggles	
goggles		

#### **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form: Liquid Colour: Yellow

Odour: Petroleum-like

Odour threshold (ppm): Testing not relevant or not possible due to

the nature of the product.

pH: Not determined

Density (g/cm³):

*Relative density:* 0.78

Kinematic viscosity: Testing not relevant or not possible due to

the nature of the product.

# **Phase changes**

*Melting point (°C):* No data available

Boiling point (°C): 164

Vapour pressure:No data availableRelative vapour density:No data availableDecomposition temperature (°C):No data availableEvaporation rate (n-butylacetate = 100):No data available

# Data on fire and explosion hazards

Flash point (°C): 70



Flammability (°C): Testing not relevant or not possible due to

the nature of the product.

Auto-ignition temperature (°C): Testing not relevant or not possible due to

the nature of the product.

Explosion limits (% v/v): Testing not relevant or not possible due to

the nature of the product.

Explosive properties:

Oxidizing properties:

No data available

No data available

Solubility

Solubility in water: Not miscible or difficult to mix

*n-octanol/water coefficient (LogKow):* Testing not relevant or not possible due to

the nature of the product.

Solubility in fat (g/L): Testing not relevant or not possible due to

the nature of the product.

# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable under the conditions, noted in section 7 "Handling and storage".

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None known.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames, and sparks

Excessive heat

# 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids

Strong oxidizing agents

Strong bases

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The product is not degraded when used as specified in section 1.

#### **SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Toxic if inhaled.

Toxic if inhaled.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

## Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.



### **Respiratory sensitisation**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Skin sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. 2-butoxyethanol has been classified by IARC as a group 3 carcinogen.

# **Reproductive toxicity**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## STOT-single exposure

Causes damage to organs.

#### **STOT-repeated exposure**

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

## **Aspiration hazard**

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### Long term effects

Irritation effects: This product contains substances, which may cause irritation upon exposure to skin, eyes or lungs. Exposure may result in an increased absorption potential of other hazardous substances at the area of exposure.

## **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

No data available.

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture/product does not contain any substances known to fulfil the criteria for PBT and vPvB classification.

# 12.6. Other adverse effects

None known.

#### **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste treatment methods

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant.

#### Specific labelling



# Contaminated packing

Packaging containing residues of the product must be disposed of similarly to the product.

#### **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

	1	14.2 UN proper shipping name	14.3 Hazard class(es)	14.4 PG*		Other information:
ADG	-	-	-	-	-	-
IMDG	-	-	-	-	-	-
IATA	-	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>\*</sup> Packing group

#### **Additional information**

This product is within scope of the regulations of transport of dangerous goods.

# 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable.

# **14.7.** Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code No data available.

#### **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Restrictions for application: People under the age of 18 shall not be

exposed to this product.

Pregnant women and women breastfeeding must not be exposed to this product. The risk, and possible technical precautions or design of the workplace needed to eliminate

exposure, must be considered.

Demands for specific education: No specific requirements.

Control of major hazard facilities: Not applicable.

Additional information: Tactile warning.

If this product is sold in retail, it must be delivered with child-resistant fastening.

The Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

(AIIC):

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light paraffinic; Baseoil - unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C15 through C30 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt

<sup>\*\*</sup> Environmental hazards



at 40 °C). It contains a relatively large proportion of saturated hydrocarbons.] is

listed

2-butoxyethanol is listed

Tricarbonyl(methylcyclopentadienyl)mangan

ese is listed

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations as

at 1 January 2021.

# 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Νo

Sources:

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

## Full text of H-phrases as mentioned in section 3

H301, Toxic if swallowed.

H302, Harmful if swallowed.

H304, May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H310, Fatal in contact with skin.

H315, Causes skin irritation.

H319, Causes serious eye irritation.

H330, Fatal if inhaled.

H332, Harmful if inhaled.

# The full text of identified uses as mentioned in section 1

None known.

#### **Abbreviations and acronyms**

ADG = The Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail

AICIS = Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme

AIIC = Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

AS = Australian Standard

AS/NZS = Australian New Zealand Standard

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

AUH = Hazard statements specific for Australia

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service

EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

Hazchem = Hazardous chemicals

IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as

modified by the Protocol of 1978. (""Marpol"" = marine pollution)

NICNAS = National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme (replaced by AICIS since 2020)

OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

RCM = Regulatory Mark of Conformity

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail



SCL = A specific concentration limit

STEL = Short-term exposure limits

STOT-RE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure

STOT-SE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

SUSMP = Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons

TWA = Time weighted average

**UN = United Nations** 

UVBC = Unknown or variable composition, complex reaction products or of biological materials

VOC = Volatile Organic Compound

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

WHS = Work Health and Safety Regulations

#### **Additional information**

The classification of the mixture in regard of health hazards is in accordance with the calculation methods given by the Work Health and Safety Regulations.

Refer to AS 1940–2017: The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids.

# The safety data sheet is validated by

NL

#### Other

A change (in proportion to the last essential change (first cipher in SDS version, see section 1)) is marked with a blue triangle.

The information in this safety data sheet applies only to this specific product (mentioned in section 1) and is not necessarily correct for use with other chemicals/products.

It is recommended to hand over this safety data sheet to the actual user of the product.

Information in this safety data sheet cannot be used as a product specification.

Country-language: AU-en